

Amendments to the Specification:

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 6, line 12, with the following rewritten paragraph:

-- The aqueous phase may also include a sulfonated polystyrene to aid in emulsification. Typical examples of sulfonated polystyrenes useful in the present invention are ~~Versa-TL500~~ VERSA TL500™ and ~~Versa-TL502B~~ VERSA TL502B™, products of National Starch Co. Useful sulfonated polystyrenes are generally characterized by a sulfonation degree of over 85% and preferably over 95%. The molecular weight of the sulfonated polystyrene is preferably greater than 100,000 and more preferably about 500,000 but other molecular weights can also be used. The sulfonated polystyrene is usually added to the aqueous phase in an amount of about 1 to 6% by weight. The quality of this product has also been found to vary with the method by which it is manufactured such that certain sulfonated polystyrenes are better than others.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 7, line 6, with the following rewritten paragraph:

-- Microcapsules can be prepared by forming an aqueous phase containing the carboxyvinyl viscosity modifier and ~~Versa-TL~~ VERSA TL™, and adjusting the pH to suit the condensation reaction to be employed, followed by the addition of the oil phase. Generally, a pH of about 4.0 is useful in making urea-formaldehyde microcapsules whereas a pH of 6.0 is used in making melamine-formaldehyde capsules.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 12, line 24, with the following rewritten paragraph:

--In the most typical case, color images are formed by image-wise releasing a color former from the capsules. In this case, in addition to the radiation sensitive composition, the internal phase usually includes the color former. Typical examples of color formers useful in the present invention in providing photosensitive or pressure-sensitive systems include colorless electron donating type compounds. Representative examples of such color formers include substantially colorless compounds having in their partial skeleton a lactone, a lactam, a sultone, a spiropyran, an ester or an amido structure such as triarylmethane compounds, bisphenylmethane compounds, xanthene compounds, fluorans, thiazine compounds, spiropyran compounds and the like. ~~Crystal Violet~~

~~Lactone and Copikem IV and XI~~ Crystal Violet Lactone and Copikem IV and XITM (all products of Hilton-Davis Co.) are often used alone or in combination as color formers in the present invention. Numerous other examples can be found in the carbonless paper art.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 13, line 24, with the following rewritten paragraph:

-- A preferred developer material is one which has excellent compatibility with the microcapsule slurry solution. Specific examples of useful developers, which have good stability include phenolic resins from Schenectady International, such as ~~HRJ-4250 and HRJ-4542~~ HRJ-4250TM and HRJ-4542TM.--

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 15, line 8, with the following rewritten paragraph:

-- c. After thoroughly mixing for 45 minutes, 5g ~~Pemulen TR-1~~ PEMULEN TR-1TM was slowly sifted into the beaker. This mixture was slowly stirred for 2 hours at room temperature (800-1200 rpm).

Please replace the table beginning at page 17, line 9, with the following table:

Monochrome Coating Composition	
Cyan Capsules	2.842g
Tinopal	0.109g
Squarez 755	0.257g
HRJ 4250 Resin	11.40g

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Cyan Capsules	2.842g
Tinopal	0.109g
Squarez 755	0.257g
HRJ 4250 Resin TM	11.40g

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